

Dutch Flat Enquirer.

THURSDAY, : : OCT. 9, 1862.

NEGRO REGIMENTS.

It appears from the following extract, copied from a correspondence of the New York Times of September 4th, that the present Administration, after an impulsive deal of "backing and filling" on this negro policy has at length arrived at the conclusion to spurn the negro, and all. That this policy will prove seriously disastrous to the Union, cause we do not entertain a doubt. That it will be the means of justifying unheard of barbarities there can be no question. The very thought suggested by arming the slaves for the purpose of slaughtering those with whom the families hypocritically pretend to desire a union with is horrible and antagonistic to every feeling of humanity. These creatures have no control over their passions, and when once allowed to act as free agents, it is equivalent to giving a carte blanche for robbing, rapine, and murder. Are the advocates of this measure willing to confront the frowns and contempt of the civilized world to experiment upon their fanatical schemes, and bring disgrace and contumely upon a nation that has heretofore sustained the fairest record on earth? We believe they are prepared to do anything and everything by which the incendiary doctrines they profess may be carried out. Employ the negro, if you will, to dig trenches, to act as teamsters, cooks, and servants, but do not attempt to elevate them to a level with the heroes that are at present offering their lives and fortunes for the preservation of the government. If anything could operate so as to make us forget that our allegiance was due a government from which we receive protection and liberty it would be the act of attempting to raise in a social and political scale a class of beings utterly unfit by nature and education to occupy stations identical with us by those whose only action appear to be based upon the "higher law" doctrine. Those who are at present engaged heart and soul in as asserting the supremacy of the old flag will not for a moment sanction this monstrous measure, and the Government will find that new difficulties will present themselves in obtaining men, when needed, to respond to its call. But yet we have faith in the good sense of the President, and we venture to venture the movement hinted at by the Times' correspondent.

Could we respect a people who had been conquered by African soldiers? Certainly not. If the people who are engaged in breaking up the Government are to be swept from the face of the earth, let the patriot heroes who are now engaged for the Constitution and laws, do it. We have a sufficiency of men in the loyal States to successfully quell this rebellion, and let the white population do it. The victories gained by the negroes, if they gained any, would be an everlasting disgrace to those who sanctioned the measure.

There is little doubt that the next mail from the North will bring an order from the War Department recalling Major-General Hunter to a field of greater activity. The Government had not lent him a hearty support in carrying out his policy of arming the blacks, by which alone he could make himself useful in this department. The National cause, and, therefore, more than two months since he applied to be relieved, rather than to sit idly with folded hands, when his military abilities might be found of service elsewhere. Now, however, I have reason to believe that General Hunter's views upon the question of forming negro regiments have been unreservedly adopted by the President, and the whole question has assumed such a different phase that General Hunter almost regrets that he is to leave the department. The last mail brought the authorization of the President to enlist five negro regiments, each of 1,000 negroes, to be armed and uniformed for the service of the United States, and also authorizes the enrollment of an additional 50,000 to be employed in the Quartermaster's Department, nominally as laborers, but as they are to be organized into companies and uniformed, and a portion of their time is to be spent in drilling, it is easy to understand that the possibility of their being used as soldiers is not lost sight of. The exact time of commencing the work of enlisting the colored recruits I am not able to state, but that it will be shortly, to my mind, there is not a shadow of doubt. The only way in which the men can be obtained is by the establishment of posts at various places upon the coast, where the negroes, assured of protection, will flock to by thousands. Past experience and present information both go to prove this fact. And to establish these posts more men will be required; therefore we may soon expect that the Government will be deriving positive advantages from this Department which, heretofore, has been only negatively of service, as the field of experiments and the testing of ideas. Gen. Saxton will go to Washington by the first steamer, for consultation with the President on the subject.

And while speaking of the negroes, let me present a few statistics, obtained from an official source, respecting the success which has crowned the experiment of employing them as free paid laborers upon the plantations. The population of the division (including Port Royal, St. Helena and Ladies Islands, with the smaller ones there adjacent, but excluding Hilton Head and its surroundings,) is as follows:

Effective 3,817
Non-effective 3,110
Total 6,927

The number of acres under cultivation on the same island is:

Of corn 6,444
Of cotton 3,307
Of potatoes 1,307

A little calculation will show that the negroes have raised enough corn and potatoes to support themselves, besides a crop of cotton, (now ripe,) somewhat smaller, it is true, than in former years, but still of very considerable value to the Government.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—On Friday last Chas. Miller and another man whose name we did not learn, while engaged in blasting boulders on Bear river, a short distance below Lost Camp, received serious injuries by the premature explosion of a blast. Miller's injuries are mainly in the eyes, and it is feared he will entirely lose his sight. Mr. Martin-Dethorn, an intimate acquaintance and friend of the injured man, accompanied him to San Francisco on Monday last to obtain proper medical attention. Such accidents are of too frequent occurrence in the mines; but notwithstanding the many examples, the miners still continue to be reckless in regard to life and limb.

DASTARDLY.—Some unknown wretch or wretches on last Friday night made a descent upon a fine peach tree heavily loaded with delicious fruit, the property of Mr. Henry Runkle, and entirely stripped it of its valuable burden. There have several similar depredations been committed in this vicinity this season; and it is astonishing that some clue to the perpetrators cannot be obtained so that they could be summarily dealt with. Petty stealing is a detestable crime and should be punished with the greatest severity the law allows.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—We acknowledge the receipt of "Patent Office Report, on Agriculture, for 1861," a valuable document, from Hon. A. A. Sargent.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]
DUTCH FLAT, Oct. 9th, 1862.

ILLINOISTOWN.—The settlement of this town commenced as early as 1850, more for the purpose of a fur trading depot than any other visible object at that time for support. Mines of considerable magnitude were known to exist in that region and once a depot established at this point, the miners could readily receive their supplies winter and summer. Mr. E. J. Brickell, believing this a favorable point to locate, immediately erected a saw mill, with two runs of saws, which has been kept in constant service during the season, for the last nine years, furnishing lumber for building, mining purposes, etc., and still was not competent to meet the demand. He tells me as the mill is somewhat "ancient" and timber scarce, he intends giving up the lumber business for the present, at least, and turn his attention to some other pursuit. The citizens and miners in this vicinity will greatly miss this convenience.

The town boasts of two hotels (half mile apart), one store and one packing house, (both Egbert & Co.'s) one school house, one Saloon, one shoemaker's shop, butcher's shop, and quite a number of China stores and gambling dens. There are but thirteen families resident here, not enough to warrant the employment of a teacher the year round, hence the children are compelled to spend the greater portion of their time in idleness, instead of stocking their minds with useful information. This is a great drawback to the rising generation, and could, I think, be remedied with but a trifle added to the present apportionment for that school district. The good results would doubly pay the heads of families.

The extensive store and packing house of Egbert & Co., are the main features of this town. This firm have given their business their undivided attention, and the result is, now, they keep two large pack trains constantly employed in delivering goods to store-keepers, miners, etc., at Wisconsin Hill, Monona Hill, Iowa Hill, Independence Hill, Dutch Flat, Mountain Springs, Red Dog, Waloupa, You Bet, Chalk Bluff, Hunt's Hill, Quaker Hill, Alpha, Omega, Lowell Hill, Liberty Hill and Little York, combining a business not excelled by any firm in the Mountains. The express office of Wells, Fargo & Co., is kept in their store.

There is one other species of income to this place, that is, from transient custom. There is an excellent stage road, traveled daily, from the Auburn station to all parts of the interior. Freight teams by the dozen pass over the road daily, and Illinoistown is a convenient and favorable stopping place, as teamsters and travelers can here be furnished with every accommodation for man or beast. The road, too, is one of the best mountain roads in the State, particularly that portion of D. W. Madden's toll-road extending from his toll-house to the Long Ravine house, several miles in length, over which the ascent or descent of the mountain is made with perfect ease with heavily loaded teams.

MANHATTAN BAR.—This mining camp lies on the North Fork of the American river, about nine or ten miles from Illinoistown. This bar has been worked successfully for ten years. The company at present working it, Messrs. H. Huston & Co., have been in successful operation there for the past six years, and it still continues to pay. In taking a stroll through their diggings an outsider becomes at once convinced that the miner, with the very best of pay, scarcely realizes a compensation for his labor and risk of life and health; for scarcely do you find a man who has labored incessantly in the mines of California for ten years whose constitution is not shattered or in many other respects he is maimed for life. There are thirteen men engaged in this company, which compose the entire white male population of the place. Four of this number are married, their families residing there, forms quite a pleasant social circle, which cannot fail to console sojourners in such a desolate spot. The balance of the population are Chinese, about fifty in number, who are all engaged in mining, both above and below this bar; what they realize from their claims I did not learn, but judge sufficient to warrant them to remain. Messrs. Huston & Co., have tried the hill to the depth of sixty feet, which was worked by hydraulic process, at which distance it gave out and they accordingly resumed work at the lower edge of the hill facing the bar. They are now running tunnels in to the depth of some sixty feet and breasting it out, which they have found to be the most economical method, wheel the dirt out, and wash it in sluices. They supply their sluices with water by means of a water-wheel with buckets attached on either side which raises an abundance of water depositing it in the receivers which encircle the wheels. These wheels are driven by the natural current of the stream; and they also furnish power sufficient to work two pumps for keeping their tunnels dry, without which it would be impossible to work them.

The store is kept by Messrs. Hart & McGreger, both very pleasant and accommodating gentlemen. They furnish goods at reasonable rates, when taken into consideration the way they must bring them there. Everything must be packed down a hill that would strike terror to a man at beholding. It is upwards of a mile to its base, continually down—a down—down—so tedious is the passage that one would despair of reaching his destination; and to cap the climax, you are obliged to follow this trail or be satisfied to remain on the hill-top.

RAIN.—The first heavy rain of the season commenced about 5 o'clock on Saturday morning last and continued almost incessantly for twenty-four hours. It was entirely satisfactory to those engaged in dry diggings but caused river miners to be rather low-versed, as they are but just beginning to realize a return for their summer's work. Fortunately, however, it has cleared off, and all fears of danger passed off with the rain. The weather will, from present indications, continue fair for several weeks to come.

"NORTH PACIFIC REVIEW."—This is the title of a monthly, of royal-quarto size, published in San Francisco by Messrs. Greeley, Delage & Warren, and edited by Robt. F. Greeley. The first number of which has just come to hand. From the publishers salubrious it indicates the same position occupied by Chambers' Edinburgh Review and Hunt's Merchant's Magazine of New York. A work of this class is very much needed in California, and judging from the number before me, will receive the encouragement its merits demand.

FRUIT.—We were presented yesterday by Mr. E. L. Bradley with some of the largest peaches we have ever seen. They measured 1 1/2 inches in circumference, and five of them weighed four pounds. They were as good as they were large.

NOT SO BAD.

In the Dutch Flat Enquirer we notice an item under the head of "Practical," from which we would infer the Editor had been "sold," or, had drawn largely on his imagination for the purpose of getting up a local at our expense.

It is true that about two weeks since some unknown persons, who regarded neither the laws of God or man, made a descent upon our orchard, at an unusual hour of the night, near the town of Dutch Flat, but the only damage done, after rumbling over the entire premises, was, to preserve a few green apples and melons, and relieve one tree of its entire load of fruit, (it being the only tree in the orchard on which the fruit was anything like eatable), after which they skedaddled, leaving no other "notice" than numerous tracks of a tolerably uniform and moderate size. We presume that the object of our contemporary in alluding to our loyalty (though he does us the justice to say we do not "intrude our opinions on others") was to draw us out and have us define our position. For the information of the Judge, we would say, we fully defined our position in the first number of the Dutch Flat Repository, issued previous to the Order of General Wright (and the tone of our journal remains the same),—we took decided ground on the all-important question of Union, and urged its consideration upon the attention of our readers, and after our paper had been read to a respectable and select assemblage of loyal ladies and gentlemen, we had the pleasure of receiving a unanimous vote of thanks and approval;—this has encouraged us, in case Dutch Flat is put under Marshal Law, in consequence of the refusal of the Pacific Guards to appear in Sacramento on the 3rd, or from any other cause, to apply for the position of Provost Marshal, and should we succeed in procuring the position, we will rightly enforce the law on every offender, from the highest official to the humblest citizen in the district. We will require all editors (ourselves excepted) to receive demand notes and pay out nothing but gold and silver.

We have also defined our position in reference to the late confiscation act by placing notices on the premises, warning thieves that for the future the garden will be strictly guarded, though not in a very pacific way.

Should none but the friends of the present Administration attempt to enforce the confiscation law under the modern interpretation, we will apprehend no fear for the safety of the proprietor of the Dutch Flat Enquirer.—Dutch Flat Repository, Sept. 27th.

[We are certainly glad that we were misinformed as to the damage done our friend of the Repository, and congratulate him on his good fortune. He says that he has defined his "pois" in reference to the Union question in the first number of his paper; that we are glad of, also, but certainly should not have known it but for him. The Union and the "select" company of ladies and gentlemen, explains, or accounts for the "milk being in the cocoanut." And as he has embraced the Union so heartily we extend to him the right hand of fellowship, assuring him of our disposition to render him such aid in procuring him a "pois" as lies in our power. Mind how you "guard" your orchard though, brother Repository, or you may get shot again.]

DEATH OF GEN. PHILIP KEARNEY.—We are called upon to record the death of one of America's bravest sons, General Philip Kearney. We have no means of obtaining his genealogy, but the mere recital of one or two of his military achievements, together with his general deportment will suffice to endear his name to his countrymen.

A correspondent to the Bulletin, (an eye witness,) speaking of some of the General's exploits during the Mexican war, says, "at the battle of Churubusco, with 200 dragoons he performed more duty and did more execution than any other commander on the field, driving the enemy, 32,000 strong, a distance of four or five miles, into the very gates of the capital." He was also in the battles of Molino del Rey, Chapultepec, Garetta Belen, and many others of less note, during the whole of which he signified himself as a commander of no ordinary type. We find him also holding an important command on the Potomac, that of commander of the 1st Division, 3d Corps, during those heavy campaigns doing signal service for the country. His deportment, in public or private life, was such as to win the admiration and esteem of all who knew him.

We copy from the Bulletin's N. Y. correspondent his description of the funeral ceremonies:

"The obsequies of the late Gen. Kearney at Trinity Church on Saturday, were attended by an immense crowd of sympathizers, who had gathered to do the last honors to the remains of the gallant dead. The ceremonies in the church were unusually solemn and impressive. When the body was borne to the transept, it was met by the clergy, when the opening burial service was intoned by Dr. Ogilby, the organ meanwhile playing a dirge. Then the lesson from first Corinthians was read by Dr. Weston, and the choir sang the funeral chorus from Mendelssohn's St. Paul. Dr. Vinton closed the services, when the body was removed and deposited in the family vault in Trinity church-yard.

All along the route of the funeral cortege from Newark, N. J., to this city, there were demonstrations of the profoundest grief over the loss of one of our bravest warriors, every man instinctively uncovering his head as the procession passed. Kearney had died too early for his country, but in view of the unmeasured abuse which all of our prominent generals are receiving at the hands of one or the other of the newspapers, it may be doubted whether he has passed away too soon for his own fame."

RECRUITING.—We see it stated in several of our exchanges that recruiting for the army is going on briskly at many points throughout the State, and that without doubt, the regiment destined for the East via Panama, will be ready for orders in a few weeks. There are thousands of true loyal men in California who would and will take up arms in favor of the Federal Government whenever the exigencies of the case demand it; but, isolated as we are it behooves our home government to see that a sufficient be recruited, armed and equipped and kept under strict military drill to meet any emergency that might arise for home protection. There is no telling at what moment the "strong arm and brave heart" will be needed to protect our own homes and firesides. Rebellion stalks broad-cast over the land now-a-days, and we should be prepared to resist it at any moment and at every point.

We refer our readers to the table, on the first side of to-day's issue, which gives an account of the number of battles fought, and the number of killed, wounded and missing on either side, during the year 1861. The table of 1862 will be continued in our next. Those desirous of statistics on such matters, for reference, can now avail themselves of the opportunity by procuring the ENQUIRER.

GRAPES! GRAPES!

FRED. BURKHARTER IS MY AUTHORIZED agent for the sale of fruit from my vineyard and orchard.

A supply kept constantly on hand.

Shoppers left with fruit will be promptly attended to.

Oct. 9, 1862.—Im. G. W. APPELATE.

GOLD RELIEF SOCIETY.—This society was organized on Wednesday, 1st inst., by choosing O. Harkness president, N. P. Limbaugh secretary, and O. W. Hollenbeck treasurer. They proceeded at once upon the collection of funds for the relief of the sick and wounded soldiers and succeeded in raising \$160, which was remitted to San Francisco on Tuesday last. Their monthly subscription roll, to continue for one year, already reaches the sum of \$105 which, it is believed, will be considerably increased before the first payments fall due. This is doing remarkably well for the population of this place.

FIRE AND STOVE-PIPE COMMITTEE.—We would suggest to the committee on stove-pipes and fire that they should be active in the discharge of their duties, and not delay a thorough examination until after a misfortune has occurred. The cold snap which came upon us so suddenly compelled every person to put stove pipes up at once not affording sufficient time to guard well against fire; therefore it behooves this committee to guard well the interest entrusted to them.

CONVENTION OF JUSTICES.—A Convention of the Justices of the Peace of Placer county was held at Auburn on Monday, 6th inst., when the following gentlemen were elected Associate Justices for the ensuing year: John B. Currier, of Iowa Hill, and J. L. Adams, of Virginia. After the Convention adjourned, they were duly sworn in and entered upon their duties as Associate Justices of the County Court of Placer county.

SCHOOL TEACHER'S CONVENTION.—The teachers of the public schools of Placer county are holding a Convention at Auburn and are still in session. We have not been able to learn any of their proceedings in time for this issue, but will furnish it in our next.

County Treasurer's Monthly Statement, of the Month Ending October 4th, 1862.

Amount of cash receipts for County purposes	\$4,384 51
Amount of cash receipts for State purposes	5,410 40
Total amount of cash received during the month from all sources	\$7,794 91
AMOUNT PAID OUT OF EACH COUNTY FUND FOR	
General Fund	\$2,475 41
Hospital	37 32
School	53 30
County Appointed Districts	47 04
Do Districts on hand belonging	437 04
Road Districts	569 98
Indian	00 00
County Judge's Fund	00 00
County Clerk's Fund	00 00
Total amount paid out for County purposes	\$3,554 18
Amount paid the State	102 31

AMOUNT OF CASH ON HAND IN EACH OF THE COUNTY FUNDS,

General Fund	\$22,399 13
Redemption	1,203 48
Hospital	1,244 31
School	325 22
County Appointed Districts	2,476 30
Road Districts	1,827 65
Estate of Deceased Persons	120 84
Indian Fund	37 60
County Judge's Fund	123 26
County Clerk's Fund	00 00
Total amount of cash on hand belonging to the County	\$29,707 77
Total amount of cash on hand belonging to the State	\$3,308 09
Total amount of outstanding registered County Warrants	\$418 80

MARRIED.

In Auburn, Sept. 30th, 1862, by Rev. H. Hazell, FARMER W. V. HAZELL, of Gold Hill, to Miss MARY REIDERGER, of Auburn.

At Yankee Jim's, on the 29th September, by the Rev. James Rogers, MR. WILLIAM M. FAGAN to Miss EMMA CARR, both of Yankee Jim's.

BORN.

At Forest Hill, Sept. 27th, the wife of Daniel Edwards, of a son.

At Forest Hill, October 2d, the wife of Michael Cantwell, Esq., of a daughter.

At Iowa Hill, Sept. 29th, the wife of S. N. Calvin, of a daughter.

At Iowa Hill, Sept. 25th, the wife of James Hart, of a son.

At Manhattan Bar, Sept. 25th, the wife of R. D. Hart, of a daughter.

DIED.

At Michigan Bluffs, Sept. 27th, 1862, suddenly, of hemorrhage of the lungs, CAPT. SAMUEL E. FRISBEE.

Mr. FRISBEE was one of the oldest residents of Placer County. He came to this country from Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and arrived here in the spring of 1847, and located at Stony Bar, near Michigan Bluffs, where he has resided most of the time since. He was formerly captain of a steamboat on the Mississippi River, and was at one time engaged in steamboating on the Sacramento river, but carried on his business as trader at Stony Bar during that time. He was a man of great energy and enterprise, and was very successful in his business; but in later years misfortunes, extravagance and unbounded generosity had reduced him in circumstances. He always had an open hand for a man in need.

Mr. FRISBEE was equalled by few in the warmth of his friendship. He was possessed of remarkable social qualities and generous impulses. He has gone from the scenes of this life mourned by a large circle of warm friends.

All listless lay the sullen sands of life, And grain by grain they fell. A single day Had touched with death the very face of time. While seasons all unheeded lapsed away, A pulseless pause hung round the rolling years, And brooded o'er a grief too deep for tears.

So, soon or late, to ashes crumble all The shrines where men their dearest treasures trust. Be build on frailty, and the fabric falls! We grasp the apple but find it dust! And does this poor unprofitable strife To nothing lead? Is this the end of life?

CONSTABLE'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that by Virtue of a judgment of foreclosure of mortgage and order of sale of the mortgage premises, issued out of Justice H. F. Morrow in and for Township No. 4, Placer county, State of California, and to me directed, and delivered on the 4th day of Oct., 1862, in favor of L. Arnstein, and against Benjamin Cooper for the sum of two hundred dollars debt, and sixty-seven dollars interest, and also for the sum of twenty-seven dollars and fifty cents costs of suit, in suit to foreclose mortgage, I shall expose for sale, at public auction, in front of the office of Wells, Fargo & Co., in the town of Dutch Flat,

On Friday, October 31, A. D. 1862,

at the hour of ten o'clock A. M., the following described property, to wit: The undivided one-half of a certain house and the lot on which said house stands, situated, lying and being in the county of Placer, and in the village of Dutch Flat, and known as Cooper's Restaurant, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On Main street on the northerly side thereof, lying between Edward Gimble's Bakery and James Thomas' Saloon, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

DUTCH FLAT, August 6, 1862.
J. T. MATHEWSON, Constable,
Township No. 4.

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Oct. 9, 1862.—Im. G. W. APPELATE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Olive Lodge, No. 61, I. O. O. F. held their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.

Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.

W. H. HILLHOUSE, N. G.
W. C. RICHMOND, Rec. Sec. 3al-6m

A WORD TO THE AGED.—In the decline of life the loss of vital force consequent upon physical decay can only be safely supplied by some vivifying preparation which recruits the strength and spirits, without entailing the exhaustion which is always the final effect of ordinary stimulants. We offer to the aged Dr. HOSSETT'S STOMACH BITTERS as an invigorant and restorative, immediate in its beneficial action and permanent in its effect. It tones the stomach, improves the appetite, acts like a charm upon the spirits. For dyspepsia, oppression after eating, bilious colic, wind cholera, spasms of the stomach, sick or nervous headache, chills and fever, tremors, prostration, and all the complaints specially to the feeble sex the Bitters are earnestly recommended by thousands who have witnessed their superior efficacy in such cases. Sold by all druggists and dealers everywhere. m13-1m

Every housekeeper experiences how difficult it is in making good bread and we therefore take pleasure in calling attention to the fact that to insure uniformly light, sweet and nutritious bread, it is only necessary to use REDDINGTON'S & Co.'s YEAST POWDERS, which in every respect excel all similar preparations ever offered to the public. See advertisement in another column.

In calling the attention of the reader to the advertisement of Dr. J. C. Young, to be found in another part of this paper, we feel we are answering the dictates of honest conviction in pointing out to suffering humanity the honest and skillful medical practitioner. It is the duty of every man, whose knowledge places it in his power, to act as a guide to those who otherwise would unwittingly take a wrong path. Throughout the length and breadth of our fair State is spread the insidious seeds of a terrible disease. No need to be thus. No need to wear out a life of pain and anguish and in the end to fall a dishonored grave. Hesitate no longer, unfortunate ones, but turn to the Doctor who alone can restore you, giving you in place of wasted energies and an impaired constitution, full health and vigor and power.

Actuated by the wish to exert his powers to cure, he proves his honesty by the mottoance displaying his conviction of his capability, and showing his confidence in mankind, "No Cure No Pay." The Doctor's office is No. 751 Clay St. opposite the Plaza Hotel, Plaza, San Francisco. 45

THE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE OF DR. L. J. CHAPMAN, is already secured in a position which places it, as well as its proprietor, far above the assaults of envy and professional malice. In the schools of France, the highest prizes are awarded to practitioners in this department of Medical science, and they occupy with others, an equally lofty position in the profession. Record, is an illustrious example, a shining light among the philosophical stars of his age in Europe and Dr. Chapman has fully equalled him in this country; as a proof of which, the Philadelphia College of Medicine complimented him with a Diploma and the honorary ad eundem degree. Selecting this as his field of operation although qualified as a graduate of the University of Pesth, and late Chief Surgeon of the Hungarian Revolutionary Army, for more extended labors, Dr. L. J. Chapman, has bent his earnest attention to the cure of chronic and private diseases, in which he has become so great an expert that he is now regarded as the leader in this branch of his profession throughout the United States, and his portrait and biography are published as matter of interest to their readers in the most exclusive journals. The Doctor's offices are at his Medical and Surgical Institute, on Sacramento street, corner of Leidesdorf, nearly opposite the building of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

STOVES! STOVES!

JUST RECEIVED A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Cooking Stoves,
Bar-room Stoves,
and Parlor Stoves,
of the best make, which will be sold cheap. Call early on
W. H. HILLHOUSE.
Oct. 2, 1862.—4f.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS HIS

House, furniture, fixtures and lot for sale or rent, at a bargain. For particulars enquire at his store, Main street, or on the premises.

LOUIS SHAW.
DUTCH FLAT, October 9, 1862.—4f.

E. C. UREN,

Practical Surveyor.

WILL GIVE HIS ENTIRE ATTENTION to surveying Ranches, Mining Claims and Town Lots. Office at the Old Corner, on Main street. Oct. 2, 1862.—4f.

MOUNTAINEER STAGE LINE

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE,

The Coaches of the "Mountaineer Stage Line" will leave Dutch Flat daily, at 3 A. M., for Sacramento, connecting with the cars of the Placer & Nevada Railroad Co. at Auburn station, at 10 A. M., and arriving at Sacramento at 1 1/2 P. M., same day, connecting with the boats for San Francisco. Returning, leaves Sacramento at 6 1/2 P. M., daily, connecting with the coaches at Auburn station at 9 A. M., arriving at Dutch Flat at 5 1/2 P. M.

This line connects at Auburn with the coaches for Forest Hill, Todd's Valley, Yankee Jim's and Michigan Bluffs; at Illinoistown, with coaches for Iowa Hill. Through tickets for all these points can be procured at the Stage office "What Cheer House," Sacramento; also, at the offices in the above named places for Sacramento or Placer.

Passengers by this line can rely upon receiving every attention necessary for safety, speed and comfort.

Oct. 2, 1862.—4f. WM. HAMILTON, Proprietor.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, on the 11th day of September A. D. 1862, issued out of the Honorable District Court, 11th Judicial District for the County of Placer and State of California, on a judgment rendered in said Court on the 11th day of September A. D. 1862, in favor of the Dutch Flat steam mill company, composed of J. D. Hilton, J. M. Brickell and J. Jones, and against the Sailor company, composed of John Binkman, Henry Shultz, Richard Jorode, Jos. Dorenbach and Ed. Dickman for the sum of two hundred and eighty 50-100 dollars, (\$280 50), with interest upon the sum of two hundred and eighty 50-100 dollars, (\$280 50), from the 11th day of September A. D. 1862, at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, and for costs of suit taxed at \$65 30, I have levied upon and will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, at the office of Wells, Fargo & Co., Dutch Flat, said county,

On Friday, October 17th, A. D. 1862,

at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said Sailor company, composed of above defendants, had on the 29th day of July 1862, or since that time, in and to the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of mining ground situated on the hill back of and about half a mile from the town of Dutch Flat, Township No. 4, said county, known as the "Sailor company mining claims," having a front on the South side of Bear river of 800 feet, more or less, and running back to the centre of the hill, bounded on the East by the North Star company's claims, and on the West by the Salt Raising and Henne company's claims, with all the improvements, appurtenances and privileges thereunto appertaining or belonging.

All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment, with costs due and to become due thereon.

LATHROP L. BULLOCK,
Sheriff of Placer County.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, AUBURN, Sept. 22, 1862.

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c.

KEROSENE! KEROSENE!!

WE HAVE NOW AN EXCELLENT STOCK of Kerosene Oil, Lamps, Chimneys, and Wicks!

on hand, which we are enabled to sell at very reduced rates.

FOR CASH!

ALSO! Constantly on hand a good assortment of Alcohol, Camphene, and Burning Fluid.

FRESH FRUIT from below every week.

as10-4f J. E. LYNNE & CO.

W. H. HILLHOUSE,

Will constantly keep on hand all kinds of

HARDWARE,

STOVES,

TINWARE, &c., &c.,

Something Just Received of Great Importance to Miners!

The subscriber takes this early opportunity of announcing to the "Honest Miners," that he is prepared to furnish Iron, Hydraulic Pipe and fixtures, at an exceptionally and on an reasonable terms per lb. or foot, or any other way), as "any other man." All persons intending to fit up their Claims with Iron Pipe this fall will consult their interests by calling on me before contracting elsewhere.

Together with a general assortment of all articles in his line. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of

Hydraulic Pipe, Hose Pipe or anything else pertaining to his business, or the wants of a mining community, at reasonable rates.

as10-4f

BOOT, SHOE AND DRY GOODS STORE,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

R. HUDEPOHL & CO., RESPECTFULLY inform the public that the Dutch Flat that they have on hand and are constantly receiving a well assorted stock of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS, BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, BLANKETS, TRUNKS, VALISES, LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S GAITERS, SHOES AND TIES.

From the most celebrated Eastern manufacturers, together with an excellent supply of

